

## **ModelsforChange**

Systems Reform in Juvenile Justice

## Louisiana: System Snapshot

Delinquency services are organized at both the state and local level in Louisiana. Parish (county) governments, parish boards and commissions, juvenile courts, and law enforcement departments administer secure detention. The Louisiana Youth Services, Office of Youth Development (OYD), provides predisposition investigation, probation supervision, and aftercare supervision services through 13 offices. OYD also administers the state's public commitment facilities. In five urban parishes, local executive agencies fund probation services and may also administer local probation services. In Caddo Parish, the juvenile court administers probation services.

Legal Framework		
Juvenile Court Purpose Clause / Primary Emphasis	Standard Juvenile Court Act: "child shall receivecare, guidance, and control that will be conducive to his welfare and the best interests of the state"	
Juvenile Court Jurisdiction in Delinquency Matters		
Lower Age	10	
Upper Age	16	
Extended Age for Disposition Purposes	20	
Transfer Provisions: Minimum Age / Offenses	(As of 2004 legislative session)	
Discretionary Waiver	14 / murder; certain person offenses	
Presumptive Waiver	No provision	
Mandatory Waiver	15 / murder; certain person offenses	
Direct File	15 / att. murder; certain person, property or drug offenses	
Statutory Exclusion	15 / murder; certain person offenses	
Reverse Waiver	No provision	
Once an Adult, Always an Adult	No	
Blended Sentencing Provisions	No provision	
Delinquency Services		
Delinquency Services Model	Combination State	
Level / Branch of Agency		
Detention	Local/Combination	
Probation Supervision	State/Executive; Local/Judicial; Local/Executive	
Juvenile Corrections	State/Executive	
Aftercare Supervision	State/Executive	

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Key Agencies		
Court(s) with Delinquency Jurisdiction	Juvenile Courts in Caddo, Orleans, Jefferson, and East Baton Rouge parishes. District, Parish, or City Courts elsewhere. (Calcasieu has a Unified Family Court as part of District Court.)	
Type of Jurisdiction	Limited jurisdiction except for District Courts, which are general jurisdiction	
Court's Authority / State Commitment:		
Placement Decisions	The court can recommend a secure or non-secure placement in the disposition order. By OYD policy, the court is almost always allowed to select the initial type of assignment (secure or non-secure). However, OYD decides placement specifics.	
Length of Stay Decisions	Both indeterminate or determinate commitments	
Release Decisions	Court makes the release decision	
Court's Authority to Place w/o State Commitment	Yes	
Prosecution	District Attorney	
Authority to File Petition / Intake decision making	Local prosecutors receive delinquency complaints and draft petitions, but also permit the court to designate another official for this responsibility. As a result, the intake process and the responsibility for drafting petitions vary across the state. Where OYD administers probation, district attorneys review court intake decisions (e.g., manner of handling and offenses charged in the petition). However, local arrangements vary in the five urban parishes that support their own juvenile probation departments.	
Indigent Defense*	No statewide system; each judicial district has an Indigent Defense Board that selects 1 of 4 methods	
State Funding	25%	
Juvenile Probation	The Louisiana Youth Services, Office of Youth Development administers probation supervision through 13 district offices. In five urban parishes (Caddo, Calcasieu, Jefferson, East Baton Rouge, Rapides), probation is administered locally.	
Supervision Range	Varies, depending on administration	
Juvenile Corrections Agency	Office of Youth Development (2004)	
Facilities	Three secure correctional centers OYD administers aftercare supervision through its 13 district offices, including to the 5 locally administered probation departments.	
State Advisory Group	Juvenile Justice Delinquency Prevention Advisory Board staffed by the Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement and Administration of Criminal Justice	

<sup>\*</sup>Please refer to the National Juvenile Defender Center's web site (www.njdc.info/state\_data.php)

Please refer to NCJJ's State Juvenile Justice Profiles web site (www.ncjj.org/stateprofiles) for more information.



## Louisiana: Statistical Snapshot

Demographic	State	% change*
Juvenile (0–16) population, 2005	1,080,048	<b>1990-2005</b> -5.3%
Black, non-Hispanic proportion of juvenile population, 2005	40.8%	2.0%
American Indian, non-Hispanic proportion of juvenile population, 2005	0.6%	19.8%
Asian, non-Hispanic proportion of juvenile population, 2005	1.5%	24.5%
Hispanic** proportion of juvenile population, 2005	2.9%	29.2%
Health	State	National
Teenage birth rates (per 1,000 females, 15–17), 2003	30.1	22.4
Percent change in teenage birth rate, 1991–2003	-41.1%	-42.1%
Suicide rate (per 1,000,000 persons, 7–17) 1981–2003	30.9	27.4
Homicide rate (per 1,000,000 persons, 7–17) 1981–2003	56.3	34.4
Education	State	National
Average freshman graduation rate* of public high school students, 2002-03	64.1%	73.9%
Percent of population (25 year and older) who are high school graduates*, 2005	80.5%	84.2%
Economic	State	National
Proportion of children (0–17) in poverty, 2005	24.7%	17.6%
Proportion of children (0–17) without health insurance, 2000	14.1%	11.9%
Median income for families with children under age 18, 1999	\$37,886	\$48,196
Arrests*	State	National
Juvenile (0–17) proportion of all arrests, 2004	14.8%	15.8%
Juvenile (0–17) Violent Crime Index (VCI) arrest rate**, 2004	387	271
Percent change in juvenile VCI arrest rate, 1995–2004	-26.3%	-44.9%
Juvenile (0–17) Property Crime Index (PCI) arrest rate**, 2004	1,992	1,346
Percent change in juvenile PCI arrest rate, 1995–2004	-29.6%	-45.2%
Custody	State	National
Commitment rate* (per 100,000 juveniles, 10–16), 2003	246	219
Offense profile** of committed juveniles, 2003:		
Person offenses	29%	36%
Property offenses	37%	30%
Technical violations	2%	11%
Detention rate* (per 100,000 juveniles, 10–16), 2003	136	83
Offense profile** of detained juveniles, 2003:		
Person offenses	34%	31%
Property offenses	35%	24%
Technical violations	9%	23%

nographic	
Data Source:	Puzzanchera, C., Finnegan, T., and Kang, W. (2006). Easy Access to Juvenile Populations. Online Available: http://www.ojjdp.ncjrs.gov/ojstatbb/ezapop/
Natas	* Percent change based on annual estimates for each population subgroup.
Notes:	** Persons of Hispanic ethnicity may be of any race, i.e., white, black, American Indian, or Asian.
ılth	
Teenage birth rates	
Data Source:	Martin J.A., Hamilton B.E., Sutton P.D., et al. (2005). "Births: Final data for 2003." <i>National Vital Statistics Report</i> , 54, (2) National Center for Health Statistics. Online. Available: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nvsr/nvsr54/nvsr54_02.pdf
Suicide and homicide rates	
Data Source:	National Center for Health Statistics, National Center for Injury Prevention and Control. (2006). WISQARS (Web-Based Injury Statistics Query and Reporting System) [interactive database syster Online. Available: http://www.cdc.gov/ncipc/wisqars
ıcation	
Average freshman graduation rate of public high school students	
Data Source:	Seastrom, M., Hoffman, L., Chapman, C., and Stillwell, R. (2005). <i>The Averaged Freshman Gradue Rate for Public High Schools From the Common Core of Data:</i> School, 2002-03. National Center fo Education Statistics. Online. Available: http://nces.ed.gov/pubs2006/2006601.pdf
Notes:	* The rate for 2002-03 is computed by dividing the number of regular diplomas issued in school year
Percent of people (25 years and	2002-03 by the number of estimated first-time 9th graders in 1999-2000.
over) who have completed high school	
Data Source:	U.S. Census Bureau. (2005). <i>American Community Survey</i> . Educational Attainment: Table R1401. Online. Available: http://factfinder.census.gov
Notes:	* Includes high school equivalency. Data are limited to the household population and exclude the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters.
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Proportion of children in poverty	H.O. Osamus Burgas (2000). Osamust Basalatina Osamus Assaul Osairland Fassauria Osaria
Data Source:	U.S. Census Bureau. (2006). Current Population Survey. <i>Annual Social and Economic Supplement</i> Table POV46: Poverty status by state, 2005. Online. Available: http://pubdb3.census.gov/macro/032006/pov/toc.htm
Proportion of children without health insurance	4, p. 1. 1. 1. 2. 3. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
Data Source:	U.S. Census Bureau. (2005). Small Area Health Insurance Estimates Program. State Data Files, 20 Online. Available: http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/sahie/data.html
Median income for families with children under age 18	Online: / Wallable: http://www.census.gov/mes/www/same/adda.html
Data Source:	U.S. Census Bureau. (2000). <i>Census 2000 Summary File 3 (SF 3)</i> . Sample Data. PCT39. Median Family Income in 1999 by presence of children under age 18. Online. Available: http://factfinder.census.gov
ests	
Data Source:	Puzzanchera, C., Adams, B., Snyder, H., and Kang, W. (2006). Easy Access to FBI Arrest Statistic. 1994-2004. Online. Available: http://ojjdp.ncjrs.gov/ojstatbb/ezaucr/
Notes:	* In many states, data reported to the FBI are incomplete. The data presented in Easy Access to FB Arrest Statistics are based on estimates that account for missing data. Each state has a Coverage Indicator that represents the proportion of the state population for which arrest counts were available a given year and for which no estimates were required. The lower the coverage indicator; the great the likelihood that the estimates do not accurately reflect the arrest activities of the state. As a resurnly jurisdictions with a coverage indicator at or above 70% are displayed for this presentation. To state coverage indicators, please visit http://ojjdp.ncjrs.org/ojstatbb/ezaucr/asp/coverage.asp
	** Juvenile arrest rates are calculated as the number of arrests of persons under age 18 per 100,00 persons age 10 to 17 in the United States.
stody	
Data Source:	Sickmund, M., Sladky, T.J., and Kang, W. (2005). <i>Census of Juveniles in Residential Placement Databook</i> . Online. Available: http://www.ojjdp.ncjrs.org/ojstatbb/cjrp/
Notes:	* The rate is the number of youths in residential placement per 100,000 youth ages 10 through the upper age of original juvenile court jurisdiction in each state.
Notes:	